RAIN BREAKS WESTERN DROUGHT AND HELPS CROPS.

FLOOD GATES HAVE OPENED AND LONG DROUGHT BROKEN.

Rains Throughout Major Portion of Corn Belt Relieve Situation So Far as Late Pastures Are Concerned, but It Is Not Believed That the Early Planted Corn Will Revive-Downpours Are Greeted by Demonstrations at Several Points-Missouri Gets a Good Share of the Welcome Moisture.

SHOWERS PREDICTED FOR WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI TO-DAY.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, July 26.-The Weather Bureau has received reports of showers to-day scattered throughout the corn belt and further like relief is indicated for Saturday and Sunday in the same regions.

To-night Official Forecaster Frankenfield said to The Republic correspondent:

"There have been local showers to-day in the corn belt, more especially in Central lowa, Western Nebraska, Western Kansas, Western Missouri, Oklahoma and Arkansas. These showers were all light. The heaviest one reported was from Western Nebraska and Southwest Missouri. The temperatures were again quite high all through tee cern belt, ranging from 92 to 190 degrees, but they were not quite so high as on Thursday. On the whole, this has been about the best day, as far as showers are concerned, of the present hot wave. At the REPUBLIC SPECIAL same time, they were not in any sense genral and not at all heavy.

"The conditions indicated for to-morrow Fre practically the same. They will have showers west of the Mississippi-scattered showers-but they will be more numerous during the day and on Sunday. The showers will probably cover portions of Illinois

"The temperature will again be high, but It will be moderated by these local showers In the afternoon.

Have Lowered Temperatures Some. Incidental to the rains, the temperatures efficially reported to-day were somewhat lower than yesterday. However, they ranged from 92 to 100 in the corn belt. Conditions will remain practically the same in the drought section during Saturday and Sunday, and the weather will continue very hot, with the possibility of relief from scattered thunderstorms.

In the Dakotas and in Montana there has not been any rain of importance in the past twenty-four hours, but temperatures have been a little lower. There were good, heavy rains last night in Wisconsin, in Lower Michigan and Northern Ohio and fair rains In New York.

MISSOURI.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Kansas City, Mo., July 25.—At 5 Celock this evening rain began falling in the heart of the city. It lasted ten or fifteen minutes, but the clouds to-night give assurance of

At the stock yards telegrams were received showing a two hours' rain in Kansas at Pittsburg, six hours at Weir, and the information is added that it did no good to corn, the crop being past redemption. Eureka reported a fall of 1 inch this afternoon

Missouri reports showed a heavy rain at Springfield this morning, two half-hour rains in the Joplin district, a rain lasting at Lamar. Owing to the drought all fairs In Kansas are to be conducted independently this year. This means that more than half of them will be discontinued. A meeting of Kansas Fair Association held to-day in Chanute, Fredonia and Erie gave formal notice that the drought had killed their fall fairs. Coffeyville announced it could not hope to hold a fair before tornado is reported to have passed into October, two months late, and added that the northern part of the county.

SPLENDID RAIN AT BOLIVAR. It might call the gathering off altogether. SPLENDID RAI
There was the usual demostrations at the REPUBLIC SPECIAL stock yards when rain began to fall. From thrown in the air and in the exchange there

WILL NOW SOW NEW CROPS.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Lamont, Mo., July 25.—The extreme drought was partially broken here to-day by a half-inch rain which fell in this vicini-ty this afternoon. The temperature dropped to 80 degrees. Farmers are preparing to sow kaffir corn, cane, millet and cow pens as soon as the ground is in suitable condi-

HEAVY DOWNPOUR AT ST. JOSEPH.

St. Joseph. Mo., July 25.—One of the hard-est rains of the season began falling here at 2:15 o'clock this afternoon and continued for over an hour. It afforded such a wel-come relief from the oppressive heat that men and boys stood out in the streets waving their hats and yelling. Hundreds walked about the streets in the business portion of the city in their shift sleeves and made of the city in their sint seeves and made no effort to avoid the rain. The precipitation amounted to several inches. The storm lowered the mercury rapidly, the temperature failing from 97 to 88 in less than half an hour. There were no deaths from the heat to-day.

FELL IN TORRENTS FOR ONE HOUR.

Carthage, Mo., July 26.—Carthage rejoiced over a heavy rain this afternoon, which fell in torrents and lasted over one hour. It is the first rain of any account since lest April, and from returns brought in from surrounding country was far wider in its range than any since the drought com-menced. Some hope it will partly save corn, although the belief is general that not tenth of the corn crop can now be

MAY SAVE FALL PASTURES.

Rolla, Mo., July 26 .- The drought in this section was broken this afternoon by a good rain, which may save fall pastures, It came too late to save the corn crop, and there will not be a quarter of a crop raised. The farmers will have to rely for winter feed on planting millet and sowing early wheat, which many of them will commence at once, as the ground is now wet enough to plow. The oats crop and hay are almost total failures, and those who were fortunate enough to have hay left over from last year, either will not sell at all or are holding it at fabulous prices. Late pastures will be benefited by

The potato crop is also short, and there will not be enough raised for home consumption. The fruit crop will average about

SIGNS OF PARALYSIS.

Can Be Discovered in Time.

"Numbness of the hands and arms, with premonitions of paralysis, kept by me while I was using coffee. I finally discovered it was caused by coffee. When I quit the coffee and began drinking Postum Food Coffee the numbness ceased entirely and I have been very well ever since. At that time I was unable to sleep, but now I sleep perfectly. fectly. "Husband was also troubled from lack of

"Husband was also troubled from lack of sleep while he was drinking coffee, but now he uses Postum Food Coffee with me, and we both sleep perfectly. Our little boy had peculiar nervous spells and I stopped the use of coffee with him and have been giving him all the Postum Food Coffee he cared for. He is perfectly well now.

"My sister was troubled with nervous headaches while she used coffee. She found how greatly improved we were from discontinuing it and using Postum Food Coffee, so she made the change, and is now rid of her nervous headaches. We are naturally strong advocates of Postum."

May J. Walford, Castalia, Eric Co. Ohio.

75 per cent, while grapes, berries, etc., have dried up on the bushes. The temperature dropped to 72 degrees this afternoon.

BENTON COUNTY REFRESHED. REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Sedalia, Mo., July 26.-Heavy rain fell today in the central and southern parts of Benton County. At Warsaw two inches

In Sedalia the highest temperature to day was 90 degrees, eighteen degrees lower than at the same hour—2 p. m.—yesterday. At 6 p. m. the mercury dropped to 78 de-grees, a fall of thirty points inside of twenty-four hours, giving great relief from the torrid weather of the past month. RAIN NEAR JEFFERSON CITY.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jefferson City. Mo., July 28.—The thermometer registered 95 degrees here to-day, the lowest it has been for weeks. A soaking rain fell at Centertown and other points beyond, five miles west.

Nevada, Mo., July 26.—A light rain fell here to-day, the first since May 16. In the southeastern part of Vernon County a heavy rain fell and will make stock water most

RAIN FELL IN SHEETS.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Warsaw, Mo., July 26.—Rain from the south fell in sheets here to-night. About two inches in all insures this county considerable corn and plenty of forage.

SOLDIER'S REUNION DECLARED OFF REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Herrin, Ill., July 26.—The Franklin County
Soldiers' Reunicu, which was to be held a Aiken on August 31 and September 1 and 2, has been declared off on account of the drought. The weather continues dry and hot. Corn crop will be a total failure in west half of this county.

WRIGHT COUNTY REJOICING.
REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Hartville, Mo., July 25.—A good rain today. Indications are that the rainfall was
general in Wright County, mostly in the southern part. The temperature fell twenty

GENERAL IN BARTON COUNTY.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Lamar, Mo., July 26.-Lamar rejoices. The first rain for many weeks fell here this morning. The mercury, which has been stationed at its highest point for the last three days, took a sudden tumble. Citizens manifested their delight by standing in the streets during the downpour. The rain was general over Barton County. general over Barton County INSURES HALF CROP OF CORN.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Monett, Mo., July 26.—Heavy showers fell throughout the greater part of Barry County last night and to-day, completely break-ing the drought that has prevailed here since the middle of May. The rain will greatly benefit meadows and pastures, and will also be of benefit to corn, insuring a

half crcp.

SUCCIMBS TO EXCESSIVE HEAT.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Fayette, Mo., July 28.—M. Schirk, a retired merchant, died this evening from the
effects of the heat. He was born in Saxony.

Garmany, March 18, 1831 He was a back.

Germany, March 18, 1831. He was a bachelor, and had no known relatives in America. He was a Mason and a member of the German Lutheran Church. He will be buried with Masonic honors this afternoon RAIN AND PROSPECTS FOR MORE.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
West Plains, Mo., July 26.—The long drought was broken to-day by a good rain, with prospects of more to follow. A small tornado is reported to have passed through

Bollvar, Mo., July 26 .- A splendid rain fell here to-day, and many portions of the counalong the three square miles of territory of ty were also favored, assuring a 20 per cent corn crop and a large acreage of recently

CORN AND PASTURES BENEFITED. REPUBLIC SPECIAL-Odessa, Mo., July 26.—Good rain here at 2

o'clock to-day. It is much cooler. Late corn and pastures much benefited. THREE MONTHS DROUGHT BROKEN. Harrisonville Mo. July 26.-The three

months' drought here was broken this morn-ing by a splendid rain. One inch of water fell, and there was great rejoicing during the downpour. It is too late to save the corn crop, but pastures will be greatly HARD RAIN AT JOPLIN.

Joplin, Mo., July 2:.—Hard rains fell here to-day for the first time in many weeks, breaking the drought, which has so gener-

The rain extended over considerable terrimen and mine owners, to whom the scarcity

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Humansville, Mo., July 26.—Heavy show ers of rain fell in Polk, Cedar and Greene counties to-day. Late crops have stood the dry spell remarkably well. A fair crop of late corn will be raised if more rains come.

BOY KILLED DURING STORM. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Macon, Mo., July 26.—During a violent
thunderstorm in the central part of the
county this afternoon, two young sons of
Fred Harmon, a farmer, living near Eynumville, sought refuge under a large true where one of the boys was instantly killed by lightning and the other so seriously in-

jured that his condition is critical.

During the present week there have been several heavy storms in the county accompanied by downpours of rain of short dura-tion. Up until these refreshing rains of the present week the thermometer for for-ty-five days stood above 90, and the rainfall was only 1.9 inches, while 7.38 fell during the corresponding period last year. To-day is cool and pleasant with indications of more

TEXAS.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Dallas, Tex., July 26.-The mercury toko a big drop in the cotton belt to-day. Ninety in the shade was about the average temperature. Ninety-six was the highest recorded. In Dallas, at 8 o'clock to-night it was 84. Very little rain fell in the great central of the cotton lands, but in the Red River Valley there was a heavy downpour probably as much from Gainesville to Tex-arkana as would meet present necessities The drought in the cotton belt is not broktensity. A good general rain by August 1 The following were the day's weather con o'clock to-night:

Dallas-Clear; no rain; 84. Texarkana-Cloudy, cool; no rain; 75. Clarksville-Cloudy; rained all afternoon; 80. Paris-

OUTLOOK FOR CORN AND COTTON IN TEXAS. HEAT, DROUGHT AND STRIKES

In Spite of Dry Weather an Average Crop Is Expected, Especially if Rain Falls in the Next Week-Merchants of the Lone Star State Report to St. Louis Wholesalers.

SAMPLE EAR OF CORN GROWN IN THE BLACK LANDS NEAR HUTTO, WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEX. IT MEASURES ELEVEN INCHES IN LENGTH AND WEIGHS WITHIN A FRACTION OF TWO POUNDS.



In speaking of the corn and cotton crops

"The corn crop in the territory adjacent

Yerger, Hill & Son of Smithville, Tex.,

due course yesterday, the maximum to

which the mercury attained being but \$7

degrees, although 98 degrees was barely

touched between the hours of 2 and 3 p. m.,

the temperature immediately dropping to 96

degrees at the latter hour. The general av-

erage of the day's temperature was from 2

to 3 degrees cooler than that of Thursday.

At 5 o'clock yesterday morning the tem-

perature was but 79 degrees, an increase of

only 3 degrees resulting by 8 o'clock, when

82 degrees was reached. At 10 o'clock 87 de-

stood at 92. At 2 p. m. 97 degrees was re-

corded and at 2:39 p. m. the mercury just touched 98, the highest to which it went in

A decrease in temperature followed im-

mediately and at 5 p. m. but 94 degrees was marked, 7 p. m. showing but 92 degrees.

The mercury dropped 2 degrees further by

8 o'clock last night.
Cloudy conditions in a portion of the day

made the heat more bearable yesterday, al-though the breeze was neither so strong no

Thursday, General relief continued all over

the country from the heat, and but three cities reached the 100-degree mark in tem-

perature yesterday, none passing it.
Omaha, Dubuque and Louisville all had

maximum temperatures of 100 degrees, while Cincinnati, Davenport, Des Moines and At-

so fresh as that which the city

grees was attained and at noon the mercury

DROP IN TEMPERATURE

FURTHER RELIEVES ST. LOUIS

Humidity in Atmosphere Is Dissipated-Thermometer Ranges From

79 to 97-At Only Three Cities It Reached the 100 Degree

Mark-Prospect for Showers Good.

in Williamson County, Mr. Carpenter said

chants say that the cotton and corn crops in the Lone Star State are by no means an absolute failure, and in many sections of the State they think an average crop of both corn and cotton may be marketed. W. R. Harris of the Carleton Dry Goods

Company recently addressed letters to developed and the kernels are even and many of the firm's customers throughout the State, requesting them to furnish him with information concerning the true condition of corn and cotton and what effect if any, the hot weather had on bollworms The answers he received indicate that cotton generally will yield about one-half to three-quarters bale per acre, and there will be plenty of corn raised in the State for home consumption, but very little for shipment. The hot weather killed the boll

The corn crop in the territory adjacent to Hutto is good—much better than last year. The excessive rains of last year cut us short in yield and our corn was inferior in quality. This year we will have pienty for home needs and of good matured corn. The cotton crop is from two to three weeks late. Consequently, the plant is small, much smaller than the average at this date, but the plant is well fruited, and has as much on it as the little plants could bear up, if all the forms should mature. But if we don't get rain soon a large per cent of the young forms will fall off. We have not had any rain for several weeks and you can readily see that we must need it badly. Our best and most conservative people think that we will make about one-third of a bale per acre without rain and should we have rain within a week we could make almost an average crop.

"Holl worms at the beginning of the hot weather caused considerable complaint, but the heat seems to have killed them out. There have not been any complaints for the last twenty days. However, the cotton growers express surprise at the amount of shedding or falling off of young forms and squarer.

Yerger, Hill & Son of Smithville, Tex. A. W. Carpenter of the Carpenter Mercantile Company of Hutto, Tex., expressed to Mr. Harris samples of corn raised in the vicinity of Hutto, Tex. The samples were accompanied by a letter, as follows: "This corn is from Texas black land; planted at our usual date for planting, March 1 to March 10. Has not had any rain since June 5 and 6; was gathered July 22, while the stalk and shuck were still

The sample of corn weighs one pound and seven and three-quarters ounces. It measures 11 inches in length and gradually tapers from a maximum circumfercence of \$15 inches. The cob is healthy and well

our inches; at Sherman, one and one-half

TWO MONTHS' DROUGHT BROKEN. REPUBLIC SPECIAL, Gainesville, Tex., July 26.—The drought that has prevailed in Cooke County for nearly two months has at last been broken A steady rain has been falling for thirty-six

hours, and all sections report a good share of the much-needed water. All streams ar running and stock tanks are again full. From reports received it is learned that the rain covered all of North Texas. RAIN TOO LATE TO HELP CORN.

RAIN TOO LATE TO HELP CORN.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Bonham. Tex., July 26.—A hard rain fellall over this country last night and to-day,
breaking the long drought. Indications are
that much more rain will fall to-night.

Corn will not be benefited, but cotton was
beginning to need some rain. The cotton
crop in this section is in fine condition.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. wenty-eight days the temperature to day dropped below the 169-mark. At 2 o'clock the Government thermometer registered 95 and at 6 o'clock it stood at 89 de-This was caused by local showers and other points in Eastern Kansas. In the extreme western section, heavy rains are reported, particularly in Wallace County, where the precipitation was two inches. Southeast of Topeka, fifteen miles, one inch of rain fell over a region as large as an average county. The Santa Fe and Rock Island railroads report local showers in a dozen sections of the State. The

Weather Bureau says there are no indicaions for general rains during the next wenty-four hours. The showers to-day were beneficial to th eastures, but the fall was not sufficient to selp corn. The drought has so completely ed the crop that rains at this time will not save it.

LOCAL SHOWERS IN ARKANSAS. Rogers, Ark. July 28.—Good local showers fell here to-day, reducing temperature and benefiting apples and peaches.

SLIGHT RELIEF IN OMAHA. Omaha, Neb., July 26.—This city experi-enced a slight relief from the terrible heat the thermometer just failing to reach the century mark for the first time in nearly two weeks. The highest temperature reached was 99.5 at 5 p. m., to which point it experienced a gradual rise from 6 a. m. the coolest hour since sunrise.

Considerable rain is reported to hav fallen to the south of this city this afternoon. Men directly interested in corn ex-pect not more than three-fourths of a crop for the State under any circumstances.

PHYSICIAN OVERCOME BY HEAT.

Monticello, Mo., July 25.-J. B. Marchand, a physician and druggist of this place for the prst twenty-five years, was overcome by heat while returning from a professional call yesterday afternoon. He remained unconscious for several hours. He will recover.

NO RAINS AT MONTICELLO. REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Monticello, Mo., July 26.—The heat and drought continue. The temperature increased each day until Wednesday, when it reached 115 degrees. Local rains are reported in different parts of the county, but none has fallen here. A good rain at once would make one-half crop of corn.

PASTURES DRY, CORN SUFFERING. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New Douglas, Ill., July 25.—No rain yet relieves the drought. Pastures are dry. corn is suffering and many farmers are hauling water from the larger creeks for stock. Several horses have dropped dead in the fields during the past week on account of the intense heat.

The Cool Northern Route, The Wabash runs through sleeping cars daily to St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn. Direct connection is made for Minnesota resorts, and very low rates are in effect. Ticket office Eighth and Olive.

JOSEPH HALLERMAN.

Carlyle, Ill., July 26 .- The death of Joseph Hallerman, one of the most prominent citizens of Germantown, occurred at noon to day. He was one of the most influentia members of the Democratic party. The funeral will take place Monday in German-

\$1.25 St. Louis to Shelbyville And return, via Big Four, July 28, Chautau-qua Assembly. Train leaves 8:30 a. m. Tibbs-Broiles.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.
Flora, Ill., July 28.—Mr. John L. Tibbs, conductor on the Springfield branch of the B. & O. R. R., and Miss Ida Broiles were married last night. "The Woolng of Gus and the Win-ning of Bella," an enjoyable love story, will be found in to-morrow's Sunday Republic.

See the article about Pekin, China, where nobody works, in to-morrow's Sunday Republic.

See the remarkable story of the monkey who acts like a man, with pictures, in to-morrow's Sunday Re-public.

Retail Trade Is Unusually Good, In Industrial Lines Orders for

and Orders for Fall and Winter Stocks Are Satisfactorily Heavy.

New York, July 26.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade to-morrow will row will say:

A fortnight of the steel strike has passed without materially altering the position of the contestants or adversely affecting the industry as a whole. Exceptional activity is noticed at the mills not affected by the strike, and the buildings and track elevation is still heavy. Steel bars for agricultural implement makers are firm in price and freely purchased. Railways seek freight cars, and rails are sold for delivery next January. Cotton ties, sheets and noops are commanding a premium. Pig iron is accumulating, but producers offer no concessions, Orders for tin plates were not accepted for de-livery before October 1, when the strike began. owing to the oversold condition of mills, and distant contracts are still taken at unchanged prices, but jobbers are receiving high prices for goods deliverable immediately. Tin has failen to the quotations prevailing in May, owing to the lack of demand here and weakness in Lor

Woolen Goods Situation.

New lines of woolen goods for delivery after October 1 opened at moderate reductions from last year's prices, as generally expected by the trade. Supplies of heavy-weight goods have been one-half mile wide and two or three miles long.

J. G. Ewell of Yoakum, Tex., declares that, although the corn crop will be short of the average, there will be plenty for the farmers use. "Cotton was never better at this season of the year," he says, "and I think the yield will be from 30 to 50 per cent more than last year. We are having a little too much rain at present."

P. O. Elzner of Bastrop, Tex., thinks the corn and cotton crops in his part of the State are very good. He says the corn has matured and the cotton is doing well. He adds: "The hot weather checked the boll worms, as it killed the lavrae in the squares that fell off on the hot ground and were exposed to the hot sun. I understand that crops north of here, between Taylor and Dallas, are very poor."

Joeckel & Williams of Giddings, Tex., say to supply the county, and that cotton is that the farmers have grown corn enough fruiting nicely. It was their opinion that they would market there this season about \$2,009 bales, against 4,000 bales last year. The average crop is about 10,000 bales last year. The trade. Supplies of heavy-weight goods have been reduced to a satisfactory point, and the situation in all branches of the industry is such as to engender confidence. Haw woolens, however, thus far fall to reflect the improvement, quotations remaining unchanged at the lowest average price in four years. A few of the most expensive grades are held above former figures, and the bulk of them in the new clip has gone to the hands of speculators, who await profitable terms.

Thall in Cotton Goodle.

Dull in Cotton Goods. Cotton goods are dull, neither buyers nor sellers cotton goods are dull, neither buyers not sellers exhibiting any cagerness to make propositions. Withdrawal of prominent concerns from the Fail River selling committee suggests lower prices for print cloths. Mills are not fully employed, either North or South. Quiet conditions in domestic and foreign manufacture, light exports and better weather on plantations caused further depression in raw cotton. Shoe shors are producing ar full in raw cotton. Shoe shops are producing at full capacity, with orders arriving steadily, and salescapacity, with orders arriving steadily, and sales-men are already placing spring samples liberally in Western and Southern markets.

Business improves as the season advances, and local jobbers report July trade in excess of the corresponding month in any previous year. Dry hides are still in light demand, with values firm-ly held, while a few grades of Chicago country hides are lower.

Big Profits in Corn.

Variations in the corn market on Monday indicated manipulation by stock market interests.

Weather reports alone were not sufficiently distressing to carry the September corn option at Chicago within a small fraction of 60 cents, while the withdrawal of support caused sales 6 cents lower the following day. High prices prevailed throughout the week, however, and 2.449,921 bushels of old corn were taken out of cribs and marketed at big profits. Foreign buying is insignificant, Atlantic exports for the week amounting to only 1.042,361 bushels, against 3.098,897 a year ago, when quotations were about 15 cents lower. Wheat prices are more rational, and the movement is heavy; receipts for the week were 6.898,325 bushels, against 5.048,997 last year, and Atlantic exports 4.873,309 bushels against 1.604,335 a year ago. Big Profits in Corn.

year ago. Failures for the week numbered 188 in the Unitd States, against 221 last year, and 28 in Canada, against 28 last year.

Structural Steel Increase in Spite of the Strike-Grain Movements.

FAIL TO RETARD BUSINESS.

New York, July 26 .- Bradstreet's to-m

Hot and dry weather in the great surplus grainhas furnished the leading topic of trade and quickly responded to the flood of bad reports, and novement of structural material for bridges, it in the spring-wheat and Northern corn growth of a better felling, Produce, particularly butter, vegetables and eggs, notes the effect of unfavorable crop and weather conditions and is high and of poor quality, while canned goods are

General Trade Good.

is irregular in price for refined, while raws are

Other trade developments are rather more help improved the cotton crop outlook, and the tono of advices from the South is better than for some weeks past, though the corn crop in the Central Southern States is suffering from heat and drought. While heat has operated as a disand drought. While heat has operated as a dis-turbing feature in some sections, it is likewise noted that dry goods jobbers are in receipt of cotsiderable reorders for summer wear goods from other sections of the country. The steel strike is apparently regarded as of less importance than it was a week ago, and the petering out of the coal mine firemen's and the machinists' strikes have resulted in resumption of work in many lines.

Building is active, and white pine lumber tends upward. Boots and shoes are moving into consumption in larger quantities. Textiles are quite steady in tone, and the strength of foreign demand for our wheat makes it probable that exports of this cereal will go far to replace smaller shipments of other grains.

The Textile Fabrics.

Activity in textiles this week centers in the woolen goods trade. Suring weights opened this week by the largest producine interest are at a decline of 56114c per vard from prices a year ago, and the range of values has attracted censiderable business, as the feeling is that dessitathe lower cost of wool now, as compared with a year ago, the outlook is a favorable one.

Wool is in strong demand to cover orders received by manufacturers for winter and spring weights fine Territory wools holding the lead in business. Fleece wools are quiet, but a fair business is doing in South American quarter-bloods. Shee and leather trade conditions continue quite satisfactory, while leather has shown an improvement in demand. It looks as if the legge shipments of cattle to slaughter in the West would help tanners to hold down the prices of hides.

Summer duliness and the strike dominate the

Summer duliness and the strike dominate the entire iron trade, but demand for finished products, such as tin plates, iron and steel bars, hoops and sheets, is reducing jobbers' stocks rapidly and causing high premiums.

Movements of the Cereals.

Movements of the Cereals.

Wheat including flour shipments, for the week aggregate 5,974 528 bu., the second largest weekly total ever reported, against 5,221,830 bu. last week. 2,005,743 in corresponding week of 1890, 2,386,622 in 1899 and 2,271,872 in 1895. From July 1 to date the shipments aggregate 19,725,781, as against 10,-225,532 last season and 12,544,300 in 1899-1900.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 1,155,270 bu., against 1,714,061 last week, 2,364,745 in this week a year ago, 3,700,200 in 1899 and 2,671,311 bu 1895. From July 1 to date exports aggregate 5, 16,404, against 13,573,500 in the season of 1909-1921 and 14,551,752 in 1898-1900.

DEATH STRUGGLE OF JULY COTTON DEAL.

Break of Forty Points Immediately After Market Is Opened-Manipulators Believed to

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

NEBRASKANS PRAY FOR RAIN. Governor Savage's Proclamation

Generally Observed. Omaha, Neb., July 26.-Acting on the recent proclamation of Governor Savage, suggesting that prayer be offered for rain. nearly all the churches of Omaha held meetings to-day, praying for rain. The largest meeting was held in the Reverend Merton Smith's tent, and the Reverend D. K. Tindall of Trin'ty M. E. Church opened services which were participated in by the pastors of United Presbyterian, Christian, Danish Methodist, Danish Baptist and pastors of other denominations. tors of other denominations.

Rain services were also held in Keountz
Memorial Church, the People's Church, St.
Andrew's, St. John's, All Saints and Trinity Early this evening rain was reported at several points in the State.

ALTO PASS STILL SUFFERING.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

gion, and their effects in freshening up the

air were most noticeable.

Cooler weather is a possibility for today, while rain and even thunderstorms re
also possibilities. From the general spread
of rain on all sides and from the appearance
of a rain belt just south of us, which is
evidently heading this way. St. Louis is
mearer rain at present than it has been for
many days past.

Noon- 92

1 p. m.-94

2 p. m.-97

5 p. m.-94

6 p. m.-93

1 a. m.-85

2 a. m.-83

3 a. m.-S2

4 a. m.-80

5 a. m.-79

7 a. m.-80

8 a. m.-82 9 a. m.-85

many days past.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Alto Pass, Ill., July 26.—The mercury stood lower here to-day than for several days, but there is yet no relief from the drought, which is becoming more alarming every day. Wells and cisterns are getting low, and at the Southern Illinois Insane

maximum temperatures of 100 degrees, while Cincinnati, Davenport, Des Moines and Atlanta. Ga., followed with 98 degrees. St. Louis came next in temperature with its maximum of 97 and its record of having touched 98 in the twenty-four hours. The Eastern cities experienced a delightful day for the most part. New York having a maximum of but 70 degrees, while Fhiladelphia had but 66 for its maximum. Washington, D. C., was comparatively comfortable with 84 degrees and a good breeze, while Cleveland had a maximum of 74 and Chicago of 82 Pittsburg had a temperature of 86 degrees, while Denver was 2 degrees warmer with its maximum of 88. Kansas City was slightly better off as regards mere temperature than St. Louis, 'ts maximum being 90 degrees. A trace of rain fell there, however, so humidity was present to a marked degree. Little Rock had rain and was 10 degrees cooler than St. Louis, while even Memphis was but 90 degrees and New Orleans but 92. Marquette and Duluth continued delightfully cool, the former having a maximum of 64 degrees and the latter of 53 degrees. Grand Haven had a maximum of 73. Thunderstorms were prevalent all over that redefining the state of the stat sald to be causing much uneasiness. ST. LOUISANS SOON MAY EXPECT THUNDERSTORMS.

Weather Official Says Relief From Drought Is Imminent-He Thinks Rain Will Fall Within Twenty-Four Hours - Atmosphere Is Cooler in the Southern States Than in the North.

BY E. E. SPENCER. Observer in Charge of the Local Weather Bureau.

Rain appears to be near at hand for St. Louis and thunderstorms are a possibility within twenty-four hours. Rain was quite general yesterday, except in the Central Missouri and Lower Ohio valleys, and showers at least may be expected in this city

very shortly. The early portion of Saturday may be fair, although cloudy weather will come with the afternoon. Moderate temperatures prevail over the entire country this morning, and any change in the temperature will be for the cooler. A low barometric area prevails west of

us and is moving this way, while the rains which are general in the South are also headed toward us. No violent thunderstorms will come, but it is possible that slight thunderstorms will accompany rain. A high barometric district lies over the northeastern coast, and the highest temperatures of yesterday were in the southeast-ern portion of the country. This heated dis-showers St. Louis is in line for rain in the trict includes the Lower Mississippi Valley immediate future.

and New Orleans, while the central portion of the valley was considerably cooler. Atlanta had the heaviest rainfall yesterday, 1.30 inches falling, while the northern lake district continues to have showers, .64 of an inch falling at Grand Haven. Cheyenne had a rainfall of .64 of an inch, while

slight rains fell at Springfield, Mo.; Abilene, Kas.; Kansas City and Oklahoma City. This general spread of showers is hopeful and many sections of the country profited thereby. At Little Rock a rainfall of .14 of an inch freshened things up, the temperature there being but 88 degrees, while various points in the extreme South were cooler than St. Louis yesterday.

The weather conditions at present include areas of moderately high pressure over the upper lake region and the North Pacific Coast, while an area of comparatively low pressure covers the Rocky Mountain districts. St. Louis lies in a belt that is of lower temperature than that immediately east, while west of St. Louis is a cool area with low barometric conditions.

New York and Philadelphia both had rains yesterday and Washington also had a

Have Fared Badly,

New York, July 26.-What appeared to be the death struggle of the July deal occurred on the opening this morning, when July cot ton broke 40 points and August 14 points under fremendous liquidation and a determined bear drive. So far as an outsider could see, the clique

made a desperate effort to break the market wide open by tendering some 40,000 bales on August notices in order that their hedges in August might be covered at the best possible advantage. It was conceded by nearly all traders that the deal has been one of the most disastrous to the manipulators known in years. It was seen that not only did their July cotton, purchased at 7.75 to 8.60, steadily pile up a loss against them, but hedges made in the new-crop months around 7c proved even more disas trous. The new-crop months suffered with the near months, though less intensely, and after the first hour worked up to nearly the closing figures of last night on fairly

substantial buying of the reaction order. The market was quieter in the afternoon with prices off from top under scalping sales. In the last half hour a scramble to cover, with active Wall street buying, sent prices to last night's bid figures. August shorts led the buying.

The market closed steady, with quotations 2 to 17 points lower, as compared with yesterday's closing prices.

CLOUDBURST IN TEXAS TOWN.

New Boston Inundated—A Large Number of Sheep Drowned.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Texarkana. Tex., July 28.—A cloudburst occurred at New Boston, the county seat of this (Bowie) county, this morning. The streets were under water three feet deep and the stores were inundated to that depth. The prairie upon which the town is situated was a lake, in places fully five feet in depth, drowning a large number of sheep. Crops were extensively damaged and all fences on farms were swept away.

UNPRECEDENTED USE OF CITY'S WATER.

Record Broken Monday by the Consumption of Nearly 95,000,-000 Gallons.

The maximum record for one day's consumption of water in St. Louis-92,000,000 gallons-was surpassed last Monday by nearly 3,000,000 gallons. In the twenty-four hours between Sunday midnight and Monday midnight the people of St. Louis used \$94,828,070 gallons of water. The highest record up to Monday was \$2,000,000 gallons. In the eight days between July 17 and July 25 more than \$25,829,070 gallons of water were supplied to patrons. In the same time last year the consumption was, in round numbers, 565,000,000 gallons. So, while the intensely hot weather prevailed this month, the city used 139,823,070 gallons more than in the corresponding week a year ago.

A comparative table of the daily don-sumption this year and last year follows:

1901.

July 17 Gallons. Gallons.

Gallons. Gallons.

July 18 S5,000,000 G.000,000

July 29 S7,000,000 T2,000,000

July 21 T7,000,000 T2,000,000

July 21 S4,050,000 T2,000,000

July 22 S4,050,000 T2,000,000

July 23 S1,000,000 T2,000,000

July 24 S2,000,000 T3,000,000

Totals S25,070 564,000,000 nearly 3,600,000 gallons. In the twenty-four

See the funny picture stories in the comic section of to-morrow's Sunday Republic. FAT CATTLE SCARCE.

Effects of Drought on Kansas City Stock Receipts.

Kansas City, Mo., July 25.—A local packing house is shipping export cattle from Chicago to be slaughtered here.

Local supplies of fat cattle this week have been small, notwithstanding that the week's total is the heaviest on record. The bulk of the receipts are stock cattle, forced on the market by reason of the dry weather.

THE GREAT SCENIC LINE

VIA PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION, DELAWARE WATER GAP, NIAGARA FALLS, GENESEE AND SUSQUEHANNA VALLEYS. BLUE RIDGE MOUNTAINS.



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